WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A method of screening drug candidates comprising:
2	a) providing a cell that expresses an expression profile gene selected from the
3	group consisting of an expression profile gene set forth in Table 1 or Table 2 or fragment
4	thereof;
5	b) adding a drug candidate to said cell; and
6	c) determining the effect of said drug candidate on the expression of said
7	expression profile gene.
1	2. A method according to claim 1 wherein said determining comprises
2	comparing the level of expression in the absence of said drug candidate to the level of
3	expression in the presence of said drug candidate.
1	3. A method of screening for a bioactive agent capable of binding to a
2	colorectal cancer modulator protein (colorectal cancer modulator protein), wherein said
3	colorectal cancer modulator protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group
4	consisting of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, said method
5	comprising:
6	a) combining said colorectal cancer modulator protein and a candidate
7	bioactive agent; and
8	b) determining the binding of said candidate agent to said colorectal cancer
9	modulator protein.
1	4. A method for screening for a bioactive agent capable of modulating the
2	activity of a colorectal cancer modulator protein, wherein said colorectal cancer modulator
3	protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid of
4	Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, said method comprising:
5	a) combining said colorectal cancer modulator protein and a candidate
6	bioactive agent; and

8	colorectal cancer modulator protein.
1 2	5. A method of evaluating the effect of a candidate colorectal cancer drug comprising:
3	a) administering said drug to a patient;
4	b) removing a cell sample from said patient; and
5 6	c) determining the expression of a gene selected from the group consisting of nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2.
1 2	6. A method according to claim 5 further comprising comparing said expression profile to an expression profile of a healthy individual.
1	7. A method of diagnosing colorectal cancer comprising:
2 3 4	a) determining the expression of one or more genes selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof or a polypeptide encoded thereby in a first tissue type of a first individual; and
5 6	b) comparing said expression of said gene(s) from a second normal tissue type from said first individual or a second unaffected individual;
7 8	wherein a difference in said expression indicates that the first individual has colorectal cancer.
1 2 3 4	8. A method for screening for a bioactive agent capable of interfering with the binding of a colorectal cancer modulator protein (colorectal cancer modulator protein) or a fragment thereof and an antibody which binds to said colorectal cancer modulator protein or fragment thereof, said method comprising:
5 6 7	a) combining a colorectal cancer modulator protein or fragment thereof, a candidate bioactive agent and an antibody which binds to said colorectal cancer modulator protein or fragment thereof; and
8	b) determining the binding of said colorectal cancer modulator protein or fragment thereof and said antibody.

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1	9. A method for inhibiting the activity of a colorectal cancer modulator
2	protein (colorectal cancer modulator protein), wherein said colorectal cancer modulator
3	protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid of
4	Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, said method comprising binding an inhibitor to said
5	colorectal cancer modulator protein.
1	10. A method according to claim 9 wherein said inhibitor is an antibody.
1	11. A method of treating colorectal cancer comprising administering to a
2	patient an inhibitor of a colorectal cancer modulator protein, wherein said colorectal cancer
3	modulator protein is encoded by a nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of a
4	nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof.
1	12. A method according to claim 11 wherein said inhibitor is an antibody.
1	13. A method of neutralizing the effect of a colorectal cancer modulator
2	protein, or a fragment thereof, comprising contacting an agent specific for said protein with
3	said protein in an amount sufficient to effect neutralization.
1	14. A method for localizing a therapeutic moiety to colorectal cancer tissue
2	comprising exposing said tissue to an antibody to a colorectal cancer modulator protein or
3	fragment thereof conjugated to said therapeutic moiety.
1	15. The method of Claim 14, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a cytotoxic
2	agent.
1	16. The method of Claim 14, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a
2	radioisotope.
1	17. A method for inhibiting colorectal cancer in a cell, wherein said method
2	comprises administering to a cell a composition comprising antisense molecules to a nucleic
3	acid of Table 1 or Table 2.
1	18. An antibody which specifically binds to a protein encoded by a nucleic

acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof.

2	antibody.
1 2	20. The antibody of Claim 18, wherein said antibody is a humanized antibody.
1	21. The antibody of Claim 18, wherein said antibody is an antibody fragment.
1 2 3	22. A biochip comprising one or more nucleic acid segments selected from the group consisting of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof, wherein said biochip comprises fewer than 1000 nucleic acid probes.
1 2	23. A nucleic acid having a sequence at least 95% homologous to a sequence of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or its complement.
	24. A nucleic acid which hybridizes under high stringency to a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or its complement.
	25. A polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid of Claim 23 or 24.26. A method of eliciting an immune response in an individual, said method comprising administering to said individual a composition comprising the polypeptide of Claim 25 or a fragment thereof.
1	27. A method of eliciting an immune response in an individual, said method
2	comprising administering to said individual a composition comprising a nucleic acid comprising a sequence of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof.
1 2	28. A method of determining the prognosis of an individual with colorectal cancer comprising:
3	a) determining the expression of one or more genes selected from the group
4 5	consisting of a nucleic acid of Table 1 or Table 2 or a fragment thereof in a first tissue type of a first individual; and
6	b) comparing said expression of said gene(s) from a second normal tissue type

from said first individual or a second unaffected individual;

8	wherein a substantial difference in said expression indicates a poor prognosis.
1	29. A method of treating colorectal cancer comprising administering to an
2	individual having colorectal cancer an antibody to a colorectal cancer modulator protein or
3	fragment thereof conjugated to a therapeutic moiety.
1	30. The method of Claim 29, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a cytotoxic
2	agent.
1	31. The method of Claim 29, wherein said therapeutic moiety is a
2	radioisotope.